Product data sheet

Thripex-Plus

Neoseiulus cucumeris | Predatory mite



- For the control of thrips
- Can survive on pollen or other prey

Use for

Pests

Young larvae of various thrips species.

Crops

Do not use in tomato.

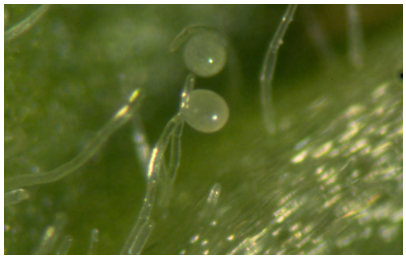
How it works

Mode of action

Predatory mites multiply in the sachet and disperse into the crop over a period of several weeks. They pierce the prey with their sucking mouthparts and suck out the contents.

Appearance

Mobile stages are beige, droplet-shaped mites. Eggs are oblong and transparent white. Adults are about 0.5 mm in size. Predatory mites are usually found on the lower surface of the leaves, often in the corner of the main vein and lateral veins. It is not possible to distinguish *Neoseiulus cucumeris* in the field from *Amblyseius swirskii, Neoseiulus californicus, Amblyseius andersoni, Transeius montdorensis* or *Amblydromalus limonicus.*



Neoseiulus cucumeris eggs



Neoseiulus cucumeris adult



Neoseiulus cucumeris preying on thrips



Watch the biological control video of Thripex-Plus

Product specifications

Pack size
500 sachets. Each sachet contains 1,000 predatory mites and prey mites.

Presentation
Sachets in cardboard box.

Developmental stage
All stages.

Carrier
Bran.

Food
Carpoglyphus lactis.

Directions for use

Application
- Hang sachets in sheltered locations in the crop, not exposed to direct sunlight
- Sachets already have an exit hole
- Hold sachets by the cardboard strip at the top, to avoid damaging the predatory mites



Watch the Application video of Thripex-Plus

Dosage
The dosage of Thripex-Plus depends on climate, crop and pest density and should always be adjusted to the particular situation. Start introduction preventively or as soon as the first pest mites are detected in the crop. Use at least 4,000 sachets per ha and hang them evenly spaced in the crop. Release should be repeated after 4 weeks if the pest is not controlled. Consult a Koppert advisor or a recognized distributor of Koppert products for advice on the best strategy for your situation.

Environmental conditions
Neoseiulus cucumeris is most effective at temperatures between 15 and 25°C (59 and 77°F). It is not effective at temperatures above 30°C/86°F. *Neoseiulus cucumeris* is sensitive to relative humidity below 70%.

Combined use
Can be combined with *Orius* spp.. Do not combine with other generalist predatory mites (*Amblyseius swirskii, Amblydromalus limonicus, Transeius montdorensis, Amblyseius andersoni*).

Side effects
Pesticides can have (in)direct effects on biological solutions. Find out which pesticides have side effects on this product.

Product handling

Storage time after receipt
Apply as soon as possible after receipt. If necessary, the product can be stored for 1-2 days.

Storage temperature
10-15°C/50-59°F.

Storage conditions
In the dark, provide ventilation to prevent CO_2 accumulation.

Notes

- When the target prey is absent, *Neoseiulus cucumeris* can also survive on other prey like small insects, mites and pollen
- Nutari can be provided as supplementary food to improve establishment and increase the population size of *Neoseiulus cucumeris*

Disclaimers
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